Chapter 4-5 test review Latin I nomen/name

**I. Forms (20 Percent)   \_\_\_/38**

*Decline the following nouns.*

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| liber, libri, m. | **Singular** | **Plural** |
| **Nominative** | liber | libri |
| **Genitive** | libri | librorum |
| **Dative** | libro | libris |
| **Accusative** | librum | libros |
| **Ablative** | librō | libris |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| exemplum, exempli, n . | **Singular** | **Plural** |
| **Nominative** | exemplum | exempla |
| **Genitive** | exempli | exemplorum |
| **Dative** | exemplo | exemplis |
| **Accusative** | exemplum | exempla |
| **Ablative** | exemplō | exemplis |

*Conjugate the following verbs in the* ***PASSIVE****.*

1. servō, servāre, servāvī, servātum 2. habeō, habēre, habuī, habitum

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **Singular** | **Plural** |  |  | **Singular** | **Plural** |
| **1st** | servor | servamur | **1st** | habeor | habemur |
| **2nd** | servaris | servamini | **2nd** | haberis | habemini |
| **3rd** | servatur | servantur | **3rd** | habetur | habentur |

conjugate the **irregular** verb **sum, esse, fui, futurus – to be**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **Singular** | **Plural** |  |
| **1st** | sum | sumus |
| **2nd** | es | estis |
| **3rd** | est | sunt |

**II. Grammar/Translation (40 Percent)     \_\_\_/20**

*Translate and complete each Latin sentence fragment.  Answer the associated questions.*

Malus vir non saepe **familiam** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ firmat.

*miser, misera, miserum*

1. Select the correct adjective form to fill in the blank above.  **(1 point)**
   1. miserum     b. misero   c. miserae **d.  miseram** e. miseris     f. misera
2. Identify the **NUMBER** of the noun above.  **(1 point)**
3. **Singular**     b. Plural
4. Identify the **CASE** of the noun above.  **(1 point)**
5. Nominative   b. Genitive   c. Dative **d.  Accusative** e. Ablative
6. Identify the **GENDER** of the noun above.  **(1 point)**
7. Masculine     **b. Feminine**   c. Neuter

**Feminae** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ venenum puerīs dant.

*pulcher, pulchra, pulchrum*

5. Select the correct adjective form to fill in the blank above.  **(1 point)**

* + 1. pulchrum     b. pulchro   **c. pulchrae** d.  pulchram e. pulchris

1. Identify the **NUMBER** of the noun above.  **(1 point)**
   * 1. Singular     **b. Plural**
2. Identify the **CASE** of the noun above.  **(1 point)**
   * 1. **Nominative**   b. Genitive   c. Dative d.  Accusative e. Ablative
3. Identify the **GENDER** of the noun above.  **(1 point)**
   * 1. Masculine     **b. Feminine**   c. Neuter

10. Choose the sentence that **BEST** matches the passive approximation of the Latin.  **(2 points)**

* 1. **Pueris venenum ā feminis pulchris datur.**
  2. Pueros venena ā feminis pulchris dantur.
  3. Pueri venenum ā feminae pulchrae dantur.
  4. Puer venena ā feminā miserā datur.

**Agricola**  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ filium docet.

*magnus, magna, magnum*

1. Select the correct adjective form to fill in the blank above.  **(1 point)**
   1. magnum     b. magnā   c. magnae d.  magnam **e. magnus**
2. Identify the **NUMBER** of the noun above.  **(1 point)**
   * 1. **Singular**     b. Plural
3. Identify the **CASE** of the noun above.  **(1 point)**
   1. **Nominative** b. Genitive   c. Dative d.  Accusative e. Ablative
4. Identify the **GENDER** of the noun above.  **(1 point)**
   1. **Masculine**     b. Feminine   c. Neuter
5. Choose the sentence that **BEST** matches the passive approximation of the Latin.  **(2 points)**

a. Filius ā agricolā magnā docetur.

b. Filium ā agricolā magnā docetur.

c. Filium ā agricolā magnō docetur.

**d. Filius ā agricolā magnō docetur.**

**Viri**  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ vitam curant.

*iustus, iusta, iustum*

1. Select the correct adjective form to fill in the blank above.  **(1 point)**
   1. iustum     **b. iusti**   c. iustae d.  iustam e. iustus
2. Identify the **NUMBER** of the noun above.  **(1 point)**
   1. Singular     **b. Plural**
3. Identify the **CASE** of the noun above.  **(1 point)**

**a. Nominative**   b. Genitive   c. Dative d.  Accusative e. Ablative   f. Vocative

1. Identify the **GENDER** of the noun above.  **(1 point)**

**a. Masculine**     b. Feminine   c. Neuter

1. Choose the sentence that **BEST** matches the passive approximation of the Latin.  **(2 points)**

a. Vitam ā viri iusti curantur.

* + 1. Vita ā viro iusto curatur.
    2. **Vita ā viris iustis curatur.**
    3. Vitam ā viris iustis curantur.

**III. Culture /6**

Match the type of Roman government to the time period and description..

c 1. 753 BCE – 509 BCE a. republic

a 2. 509 BCE – 27 BCE b. empire

b 3. 27 BCE – 476 CE c. monarchy

b 4. One person took power like a modern day dictator

c 5. A king ruled with a senate of advisors

a 6. Candidates were voted into office  
  
  
**IV. Reading Comprehension (30 Percent)     \_\_\_/8**

*Read the following excerpt from a letter and answer the questions about it.*

**Epistula** tua, nunc tenetur ā mē.

Longe ā familiā, sum **miser**. Animus dolet.

De **familiā** semper cogito. **Familiam** valde amo.

*Match the* ***bold*** *noun or adjective with the case. One case* ***will*** *be used twice.*

c 1. **Epistula** a. ablative

c 2. **miser** b. accusative

a 3. **familiā** c. nominative

b 4. **Familiam**

***The 4 questions on the back are about this reading***

*Answer the following questions about the content of the letter.*

1. Who holds the letter?

**author / Cicero**

2. Why is the author sad?

**He is far from his family**

3. Who does the author think about?

**His family**

4. What does the author do to his family?

**He loves them very much**